## Vit D and Cancer

Introduction

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## Clinical status in Cancer

- Known activity against breast cancer cell lines, clinical studies led to the development of analogues by Leo pharma.
- Not recognised as an important issue by most oncologists.

## Vit D Scientific status

- First MRC Nobel prize to Sir Frederick Hopkins 1929 for essential nutrients especially Milk!
- Vit D essentially discovered post first world war and its importance to bone disease and Rickets became established.

## Vit D and Rickets

- Correction of Vit D deficiency in infancy can correct (cure) Rickets.
- Major Implications for other conditions clearly associated with vit D deficiency.
- Existence of vit D resistant Rickets.

# Vit D complexity

- Absorbtion (lactulose intolerance)
- Skin and UV light
- Liver
- Kidney
- Acts through receptors (polymorphisms)
- Can be sequestered in fat tissues
- It is a cholesterol based substance
- So many (?weak) links to break!

# Mechanisms of Action

- Cell culture and experimental models show that Calcitrol – Vit D3
- Promotes cell differentiation.
- Inhibits cancer proliferation.
- Is anti-inflammatory, anti-angiogenic and proapoptotic.
- Apart from known effects on bone, many other systems are affected such as the immune system, blood vessels, muscle, neurological tissues etc.

# Vit D and Cancer

- Literature is confusing-NEJM review 3/11
- Observational studies link low Vit D3 levels to increased cancer risk and mortality. Randomised studies are generally null especially Breast and Prostate cancer and the "rarer" cancers.
- Colorectal more convincing data but negative supplementation data.
- New trials accessing higher doses under way.

## Vit D links and Cancer

• Vitamin D Receptor polymorphisms

- Vit D gene contains numerous variants
- Some are associated with complex conditions including osteoporosis, short stature, diabetes and cancer

# VDR polymorphisms

- 470 Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms (SNPs)
- Only a few have functional consequences
- Associated with ;
- Breast, Ovarian, Gastro-Intestinal,
- Melanoma and Prostate cancer

# VDR pms

- Associated with low colon cancer risk with low sugar high fibre diets (Ff/ff Fokl,) and with high risk, red meat consumption in Rectal Cancer (FF)
- Associated with D3 anti-proliferative activies in resistant cell lines

## Melanoma

 Newton-Bishop et al JCO 2009, reported that D3 levels are associated with Breslow thickness at presentation and survival from melanoma which is independent of Breslow thickness.

#### vitD3 levels and stage



## SGH patients

- Over a third had very low levels< 20
- Only one above normal range but was on 10,000 i.u.s!
- Several very low patients reported excellent diet and sun exposure through exercise. Only one used excessive sun block at all times.

## Speculation

 Is Vit D absorbtion/metabolism the Factor X in the risk factors for melanoma?

# Purpose

- Review all available data.
- ?Role in prevention and what dose recommendations.
- ? Role in co-treatments eg with surgery, immunotherapy, chemotherapy, radiotherapy.
- ? High dose as treatment.
- ?VDR SNPs as guide to management.